

A unique instrument architecture optimized to provide synchronous DC, AC, and mixed DC+AC source and measure to 100 kHz for low-level measurements





An innovative architecture for coordinating low-level measurements from DC to 100 kHz

The MeasureReady™ M81-SSM (Synchronous Source and Measure) system provides a confident and straightforward approach for advanced measurement applications. The M81 is designed to eliminate the complexity of multiple function-specific instrumentation setups, combining the convenience of DC and AC sourcing with DC and AC measurement, including a lock-in's sensitivity and measurement performance.

This extremely low-noise simultaneous source and measure system ensures inherently synchronized measurements from 1 to 3 source channels and from 1 to 3 measure channels per half-rack instrument — while also being highly adaptable for a range of material and device research applications.





Unique real-time sampling architecture for synchronous sourcing and measuring

- MeasureSync™ technology for simultaneous source module update and measure module sampling timing across all channels
- DC/AC amplitude and phase detection is user-selectable on all measure channels
- Common DAC/ADC sampling clock ensures highly precise and consistent source/measure timing coordination between 3 sources and 3 measures



The absolute precision of DC plus the detection sensitivity performance of AC instrumentation

- All source and measure channels are capable of combined DC and AC to 100 kHz signals
- Optimized for fundamental, harmonic, and phase AC plus DC biased measurements
- Modularity allows for flexible, user-configured modules to suit a specific application



Designed for scientific-grade low-level measurement applications

- Linear module power supply architecture for lowest possible source/measure noise
- Fully analog signal paths between data converters, modules, and the device under test (DUT)
- Remote modules for the shortest possible signal path to the DUT, which separates sensitive analog circuits from digital circuits and unwanted sources of interference typical of traditional singleenclosure instrument designs

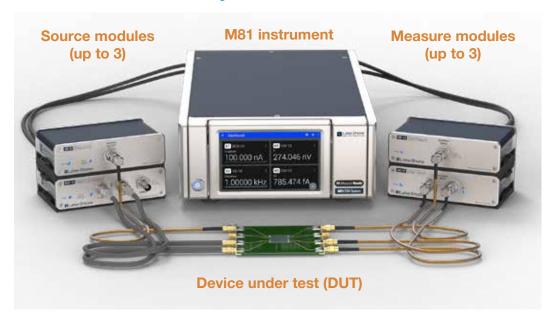


Unique, flexible instrument/distributed module architecture

- Remote-mountable amplifier modules are interchangeable between instruments
- Modules are dynamically recognized when the system is reconfigured
- Uses a clean, simple UI and a common programming API for fast setup and a shorter learning curve

Components of the M81-SSM system

- Connect up to three source modules and up to three measure modules
- Exchange modules and adapt the configuration for each measurement
- All modules are capable of measuring with DC and AC to 100 kHz
- All modules are optimized for highest precision with common amplitude and frequency references



Flexible measurement capabilities

The M81-SSM provides DC and AC stimulus and measurement capabilities for characterizing materials and devices in cryogenic, room temperature, and high-temperature environments.

Choose a combination of differential current source and voltage measurement modules for low-resistance applications requiring a precise stimulus current and the noise-cancellation benefits of balanced (floating) sample connections. Or mix and match with additional voltage source and current measurement modules for complex higher-impedance or gate-biasing applications where precise voltage control and sweeping test regimes are required.

Unlike a narrow-bandwidth DC system, these modules operate from very low frequencies to 100 kHz. You can select a measurement bandwidth to avoid 1/f noise and other bands where test environment noise is highest.

The system's MeasureSync[™] technology samples all sourcing and measurement channels at precisely the same time, enabling multiple DUTs to be tested under identical conditions so you can obtain consistent data.

Lake Shore MeasureLINK[™] software can provide configurable measurement scripts and loops to support a variety of applications. It facilitates easy integration with Lake Shore as well as third-party systems.

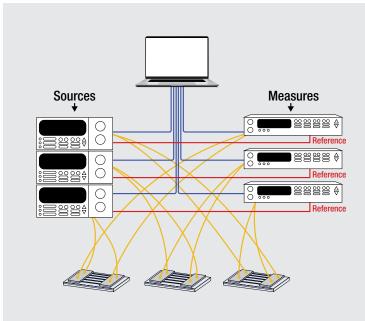
These combined capabilities make the M81-SSM a superior solution for characterizing several test structures, including nanostructures, single- and multilayer atomic structures, MEMs, quantum structures, organic semiconductors, and superconducting materials.



MeasureSync™ architecture explained

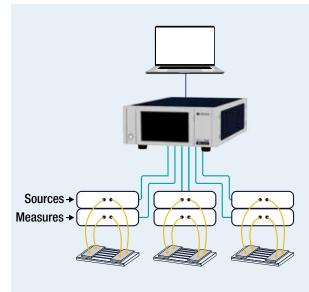
The MeasureReady M81-SSM uses patent-pending MeasureSync™ signal synchronization, enabling continuous data sampling on every channel (see full explanation on page 5). Noise and sensitivity are on par with the best scientific-grade source and measure instruments.

The M81-SSM simplifies the setup and operation of complex material characterization operations by reducing the number and types of instruments and software required. It unifies all configuration and experiment functions through a single interface. Measurements are conducted using powerful MeasureLINK™ software.



Traditional equipment setup for multiple devices

- Typical material and device characterization applications require a combination of both DC and AC instruments
- These experimental setups often involve physically large sample apparatus machinery, requiring long signal cables between the sample and instruments
- Many applications require multiple channels of source and measure capabilities, creating synchronization challenges
- 'Rack and stack' approaches to modularity have required high levels of operator skill for reliable results
- As source and measure channel counts increase, so does the need for redundant, separate instruments — which can add to the overall cost of implementation



The M81 simplifies these measurements by:

- Reducing the number of separate instruments for easier setup and operation and combining the capabilities of DC picoammeters, voltmeters, and AC lock-in amplifiers
- Reducing the number of and lengths of signal cables between source, measure, and sample, minimizing parasitics (leakage, noise, resistance, and reactance)
- Increasing the number of channels and thus enabling synchronized or parallel sample/device testing
- Allowing for easy reconfiguration by simply swapping module configurations for various applications
- Being typically much less expensive than multipleinstrument configurations

Timing is everything. vit's automatic. Source 18-bit DAC LPF Source Up to LPF 18-bit DAC 5.000 records/s Data Data Data module 18-bit DAC logger buffer streaming LPF Configurable DSP engine Measure 20-bit ADC Data LPF queries Measure module **M2** LPF 20-bit ADC Display Measure М3 module 20-bit ADC Up to 10 m MeasureSync™ 375 kHz clock

MeasureSync architecture allows for tightly synchronized data collection from the remotely located modules. Amplitude and frequency signals are transmitted to/ from the remote amplifier modules using a proprietary, real-time analog voltage method that minimizes noise and ground errors while ensuring tight synchronization of all modules. This analog interface keeps noisy digital circuitry away from the modules' sensitive analog circuits. The signals are digitized by a dedicated converter for each channel, which are synchronized by the shared MeasureSync clock. Each rising edge of the clock triggers every ADC to take a reading and triggers each DAC to update its output. In between clock edges, all of the data is transferred from ADCs to the controller and each DAC is preloaded with a value that is applied on the next edge. Unlike multiplexed systems, this maintains total synchronization and continuous sampling of each channel. Digital signals are generated or processed by a configurable DSP core.

Each measure channel can be configured to perform DC, AC, or lock-in measurements. The core processes the individual readings collected at 375 kSa/s and produces fully processed and calibrated readings at up to 5 kSa/s. These readings can be observed on the front panel and collected via the remote interface.

The multiple parameter query structure allows a single data query to return multiple readings in one query, which maintains synchronization. Additionally, the configurable data streaming interface can be used to provide a continuous stream of synchronized data at a fixed, regular time interval, or a burst of high-speed collection. This combination of an analog interface to the distributed modules, a centralized simultaneous acquisition clock, and a unified remote interface provides end-to-end signal synchronization that cannot be easily achieved with separate instrumentation.

Modules using patent-pending signal technology

The M81-SSM system provides DC to 100 kHz precision electrical source and measure capabilities with 375 kHz (2.67 μ s) source/measure digitization rates across up to 3 source and 3 measurement frontend modules.

All modules are designed with linear circuitry powered by highly isolated linear power supply designs for the lowest possible voltage/current noise performance — rivaling modern lock-in amplifiers and research lab-grade source and measure instruments.

These quick-swappable modules with embedded calibration data enable quick measurement reconfiguration during and between experimental setups. Compact and well shielded, the modules can be remote, rack, or benchtop mounted depending on application requirements and user preference. For interconnection to the main instrument, the modules come standard with 2 m cables, but you can also order optional 8 m extender cables for making connections up to 10 m in length.

Built-in patent-pending capabilities include:

- Dual AC and DC range sourcing allowing for precise, full control of DC and AC amplitude signals with a single module and sample/device connection (VS-10 module)
- Seamless range change measuring for significantly reducing or eliminating the typical range change-induced measurement discontinuities in signal sweeping applications that require numerous range changes (VM-10 module)

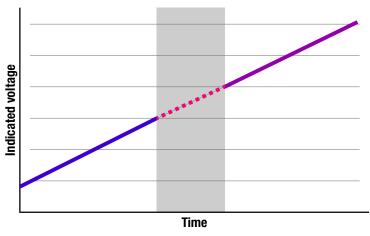
The integration of both AC and DC into single source and measurement modules:

- Simplifies connections to the device under test
- Simplifies ground return connection schemes
- Simplifies test programming by allowing DC and AC signals to be sourced and measured under program control and without changing hardware or connections
- Enables AC modulation with a DC bias and allows a high degree of signal flexibility and measurement resolution options





Dual AC and DC range source settings on the VS-10 module enable better control of DC and AC amplitude signals.



- Signal on range 1
- Signal on range 2
- ☑ M81 provides continuously observed signal
- Measurements lost during typical instrument range change

Seamless range change measuring is provided with the VM-10 module, as demonstrated by this voltage vs. time sweep.

As easy to use as your smartphone

The M81 instrument front display has an easy independent setup of each module's output or input parameters, including range, amplitudes, frequencies, and filters. Each module has a full screen of controls on the M81, similar to the VM-10 screen shown here. The output settings or measure input data of each module are easy to manipulate (S1, S2, S3, M1, M2, or M3). The result is an easy setup to make and see measurement results. To collect several measurements over time as a source is ramped or an environment parameter is changed like temperature or field, Lake Shore created MeasureLINK software to control environmental or source parameters over time and capture the measurement data.



Made for the way you work today, the M81 features an uncluttered touch display with a unique TiltView™ screen, presenting a natural and engaging user interface.

With no confusing buttons or long learning curves, the M81 is intuitive and straightforward to operate. You'll quickly recognize the icons, gestures, and menu styles that follow familiar smartphone technology standards.

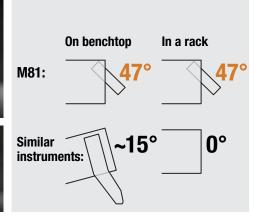




FIR PSD filter 0

selected



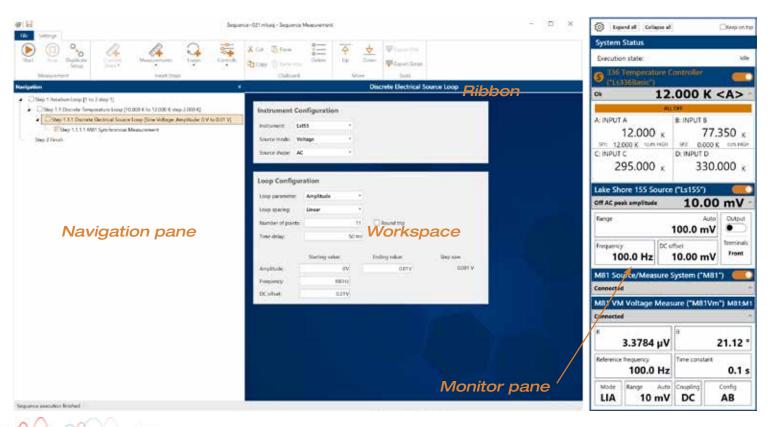


M81-SSM and Lake Shore MeasureLINK™ software

The Lake Shore MeasureLINKTM PC software is an easy, non-programming way to coordinate sophisticated electrical measurements as source or environment parameters change over time.

- Install application packs
 - They provide access to temperature, field, and electrical instrumentation drivers
- Build a system configuration that includes all of the instruments in the experiment
 - Monitor and control the instruments from the Monitor pane
- Build a sequence using drag-and-drop components to control temperature, field, and electrical parameter sweeps
- Collect data from the experiment and export it to your favorite analysis tool
- Need to build an experiment that isn't fully supported? No problem, simply make a similar drag-and-drop sequence and export it to a custom programming environment for final customizations. No problem is too complex to handle.

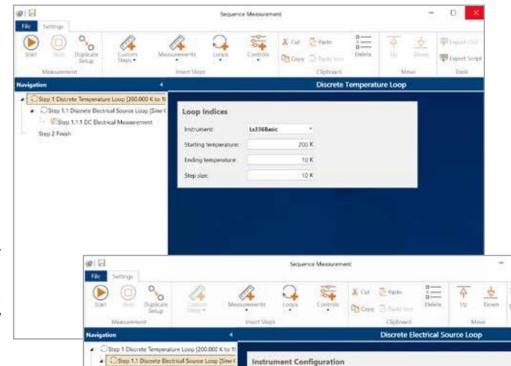
The MeasureLINK interface





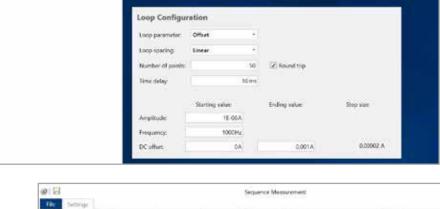
MeasureLINK™ measurement sequence example

Step 1.1.1 DC Electrical Mesour



In a temperaturedependent electrical measurement, Step 1 would be to set up a discrete temperature loop with start, end, and step temperature values.

Step 2: Configure the electrical source sweep, which includes specifying the instrument, source mode (voltage or current, source shape [DC or AC]), followed by the loop configuration parameters, such as sweep variable (amplitude, frequency, or offset) and related start, end, and step parameters.



Step 3: Add an electrical measurement step. Start execution and then collect the data in a table for easy export to your favorite analysis program.



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The M81 instrument—the heart of the system

The heart of the M81-SSM is the instrument. Depending on the model ordered, the instrument supports a total of 2, 4, or 6 channels comprising 1, 2, or 3 sources and 1, 2, or 3 measures, respectively, as shown here:

Instrument model	Maximum channel capacity	Number of source channels	Number of measure channels
M81-SSM-2	2	1	1
M81-SSM-4	4	2	2
M81-SSM-6	6	3	3

Each M81 instrument can manage from 1 to 3 source channels and from 1 to 3 measure channels per half-rack for testing of multiple DUTs during a single test sequence without adding complexity and signal degradation from signal switching.

More than one instrument can also be combined to increase source and measure channel capabilities without degradation of analog performance while utilizing MeasureSync™ timing synchronization across all signal channels within the system.

Built on the Lake Shore MeasureReady™ instrument platform, the instrument features a graphical, touchscreen interface for both programming control and monitoring. Its ergonomically designed front panel features a TiltView™ display for best visibility, whether on a bench or mounted in a rack. It also supports standard LAN, USB, and GPIB communications.



M Measure Ready M81 rear panel



- 1 LEMO source module connectors
- 2 LEMO measure module connectors
- BNC reference input
- 4 BNC reference output
- **5** BNC monitor output
- 6 DB15 accessory connector
- GPIB interface connector

- 8 12-pin digital I/O connector
- 9 RJ-45 Ethernet interface
- USB communications interface
- **1** USB Type-C[™] thumb drive interface
- **12** AC mains input connector and voltage selector/fuse module
- Chassis ground connection

M81 instrument specifications

Specifications are subject to change

Source channels

Frequency range

Source channel functions DC, sine, triangle (up to 5 kHz), square

(up to 5 kHz)

Synchronize to another channel or **Source sync functions** internal or external reference in

100 µHz to 100 kHz (or module

bandwidth, whichever is lesser) Frequency resolution Greater of 100 µHz, 6 digits

Frequency accuracy 0.06%

Phase noise 100 ms time constant, 12 dB/oct:

Internal reference: <0.0001° RMS at External reference: <0.002° RMS at

10 kHz

Dynamic reserve >120 dB (typical, see manual)

Measure channels

Measure channel functions DC, AC (RMS, peak), or lock-in (X and Y,

R and Θ)

Any source channel, or external reference Lock-in reference

input

Reference in BNC: sine ≥ 1 V p - p ≥ 200 Hz;

square $\geq 1 \text{ V p} - \text{p} \geq 10 \text{ mHz}$

Reference out BNC: 3.3 V square

Monitor out BNC: M1 monitor, M2 monitor, M3

monitor, manual output

Digital inputs 6-pin 3.5 mm detachable terminal block:

2 TTL compatible inputs:

V_{high} nominal: 3.3 V; V_{low} nominal: 0 V

6-pin 3.5 mm detachable terminal block: **Digital outputs**

2 TTL compatible outputs: 3.3 V_{high} nominal at 1 mA

Total harmonic distortion <0.1% from DC to 100 kHz, typical

Sample rate 375 kSa/s

Warm-up time 60 min to achieve specified accuracy Isolation

Measure common isolated from chassis

around

Front panel display 5 in capacitive touch, color TFT-LCD

WVGA (800 × 480) with LED back-light

System speeds

	USB	GPIB	Ethernet
Data streaming maximum reading rate (records/s)	5000	5000	5000
Data streaming maximum data throughput ¹ (kB/s)	20	40	80
Typical SCPI query response time ² (ms)	15	20	60

¹ Host PC dependent; speeds measured using PyVISA and Python 3 on Windows® 10 Intel® Core™ i7-8700 2.4-GHz CPU PC with 16 GB RAM

Interface

IEEE-488.2 (GPIB)

Function IEEE-488 command and control Capabilities SH1, AH1, T5, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1,

DT0, C0, E1

Data throughput Limited by 3 megabit internal bus rate Connector IEEE-488 24-pin receptacle with M3.5

jack screws

LabVIEW™, Python, MeasureLINK, Software support

IVI.NET

USB host

Type USB 3.0 MSC device

Function Firmware updates, flash drive support

Connector USB Type-C™

USB device

Type **USB 2.0**

Function Emulates a standard RS-232 serial port Protocol Standard commands for programmable

instruments (SCPI)

Baud rate 921600 Bd Connector USB Type-B

Software support LabVIEW, Python, MeasureLINK, IVI.NET

Ethernet

Function TCP/IP command and control, mobile app

App layer protocol Standard commands for programmable instruments (SCPI)

Connector **RJ-45** Speed 1 Gb/s

Software support LabVIEW, Python, MeasureLINK, IVI.NET

General

Ambient temperature Rated accuracy ±5 °C of calibration

temperature; 5 °C to 40 °C at reduced

accuracy

100 V, 120 V, 220 V, 240 V, ±10%, 50 or **Power requirement**

60 Hz, 140 VA

216 mm W \times 87 mm H \times 369 mm D Size

 $(8.5 \text{ in} \times 3.4 \text{ in} \times 14.5 \text{ in})$, half rack

Weight 5.7 kg (12.6 lb) **Approval** CE mark

Available BNC adapter specifications

When used with S1, S2, or S3 source connections

Range 10 V. fixed

Noise $<1 \mu V/\sqrt{Hz}$ at 1 kHz

Output impedance 25 Ω

Accuracy (typical)

Raw converter resolution 18 bits (76 μV/LSB)

Temperature coefficient

50 ppm/°C

 $0.25\% + 1 \text{ mV } (1 \text{ year, } \pm 5 \text{ °C from})$ calibration temperature, after self

calibration of instrument and within 24 h and ±1 °C, no calibration applicable to

the cable itself)

When used with M1, M2, or M3 measure connections

10 V. fixed Range

Noise <1 µV/√Hz at 1 kHz

10 MΩ Input impedance

Raw converter resolution 20 bits (19 µV/LSB)

50 ppm/°C Temperature coefficient

 $0.25\% + 1 \text{ mV } (1 \text{ year, } \pm 5\,^{\circ}\text{C from})$ Accuracy (typical) calibration temperature, after self calibration of instrument and within 24 h and ±1 °C, no calibration applicable to

the cable itself)

^{2 99%} of queries are serviced faster than this interval

M81-SSM MODULES

VM-10 voltage measure module

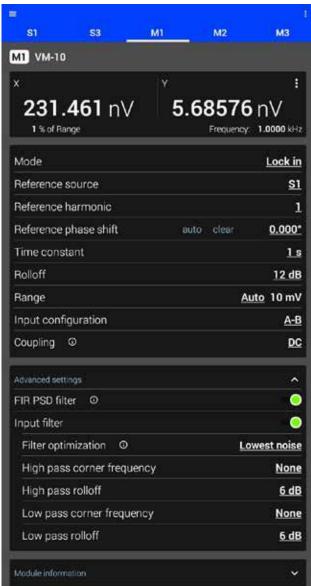


This module provides voltage measurements with resolution from low nanovolts up to 10 V from DC to 100 kHz, including amplitude, phase, and harmonic detection capabilities. Proprietary seamless ranging technology allows continuous measurements when increasing or decreasing ranges.

Voltage noise performance is on par with modern AC lock-in amplifier instruments but packaged in a compact, easy-to-use, remote-mountable module that can be located next to the sample or DUT to minimize cabling signal losses and noise pickup.

In addition, the module offers two configurable hardware low-pass and high-pass filters, which enable highly sensitive low-level measurements to be made in the presence of significant interfering signals. The inclusion of user-configurable hardware filters combined with the high-gain, low-noise front-end module amplifier design can eliminate the need for additional pre-amplifiers often required with traditional lock-in amplifiers. It also offers user-selectable single-ended or differential input connections providing additional options for minimizing noise and ground loop interference without the use of external converters or adapters.

Up to three simultaneously connected VM-10 modules can be used with each M81 instrument. Each module can be independently configured to perform DC, AC, or lock-in measurements.



VM-10 specifications

Specifications are subject to change

Input configuration Single-ended (A) or differential (A-B)

Input coupling DC or AC (0.1 Hz)

Ranges 10 V, 1 V, 100 mV, 10 mV; seamless, automatic transitions

Best sensitivity <1 nV1

Hardware filters LP: 10 Hz, 30 Hz, 100 Hz, 300 Hz, 1 kHz, 3 kHz, 10 kHz; 20 dB or 40 dB/decade

HP: 10 Hz, 30 Hz, 100 Hz, 300 Hz, 1 kHz, 3 kHz; 20 dB or 40 dB/decade

Modes: High reserve, Low-noise

Typical input impedance >1 T Ω , 120 pF (DC coupled)

Leakage current <15 pA

CMRR 80 dB up to 1 kHz

Magnetic field exposure Operational up to 8 mT DC

Size 142 mm W \times 39 mm H \times 89 mm D (5.6 in \times 1.5 in \times 3.5 in)

Bandwidth/accuracy

		Single-ended operation			Differential operation		
Range	Bandwidth (-3 dB, typical)	DC ² ±(%rdg + V)	Lock-in ^{2,3,4} ±%rdg + V	Temperature coefficient ^{2,3} ±(ppm rdg/°C + V/°C)	DC ² ±(%rdg + V)	Lock-in ^{2,3,4} ±%rdg + V	Temperature coefficient ^{2,3} ±(ppm rdg/°C + V/°C)
10 V	>100 kHz	0.025% + 600 μV	0.025% + 50 μV	6 ppm/°C + 24 μV/°C	0.025% + 150 μV	0.025% + 50 μV	6 ppm/°C + 6 μV/°C
1 V	>100 kHz	0.025% + 21 μV	0.025% + 5 μV	6 ppm/°C + 20 μV/°C	0.025% + 10 μV	0.025% + 5 μV	6 ppm/°C + 2 μV/°C
100 mV	75 kHz	0.1% + 20 μV	0.1% + 500 nV	120 ppm/°C +	0.05% + 6 μV	0.05% + 500 nV	6.000/90 . 1.00/90
10 mV	75 kHz	0.1% + 20 μV	0.1% + 50 nV	20 μV/°C	0.05% + 6 μV	0.05% + 50 nV	6 ppm/°C + 1 μV/°C

Noise (typical)

Current noise at 1 kHz: 20 fA/\/Hz

Voltage noise measured with filters off, inputs shorted

	Single	-ended operation	Differential operation		
Range	Voltage noise at 1 kHz	Voltage noise at 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz	Voltage noise at 1 kHz	Voltage noise at 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz	
10 V	170 nV/√Hz	4 μV RMS; 20 μV p-p	170 nV/√Hz	4 μV RMS; 20 μV p-p	
1 V	50 nV/√Hz	400 nV RMS; 2 μV p-p	50 nV/√Hz	500 nV RMS; 2.5 μV p-p	
100 mV	3.8 nV/√Hz	50 nV RMS; 250 nV p-p	4.5 nV/√Hz	60 nV RMS; 300 nV p-p	
10 mV	3.2 nV/√Hz	25 nV RMS; 125 nV p-p	4.1 nV/√Hz	30 nV RMS; 150 nV p-p	

¹ Lock-in measurement, 10 mV range, 10 s time constant, 24 dB rolloff, 95% confidence interval

² Total system accuracy, 95% confidence, 1 year and ±5 °C from Lake Shore calibration, 24 h and ±1 °C from self-calibration, filters off

³ DC to 1 kHz

⁴ Add 0.1% of reading when AC coupled

BCS-10 balanced current source module



This module provides programmable currents from 1 pA to 100 mA with a ±10 V maximum compliance output from DC to 100 kHz sinusoidal output. Derived from Lake Shore's industry-leading Model 372 AC resistance bridge, the BCS-10 employs a differential or balanced design that helps reduce or eliminate ground loops often encountered in cryostats and other research apparatus. It expands on Model 372 balanced source capability, adding variable frequency and amplitude programmability for enhanced flexibility while maintaining excellent noise performance.

The inclusion of a virtual center-point ground connection further enhances noise performance by allowing the user to determine optimal center-point tie points within given apparatus or equipment setups. The BCS-10 is designed to be paired with the VM-10 module, which provides both single-ended and differential (balanced) input connection and modes.

A typical application of the balanced current source involves low-resistance measurements, where the resistance of the wires connecting the current source to a sensor may be significant. Any unbalance in lead wire resistance results in a common-mode voltage that complicates the measurement of the desired parameter, the voltage across the sensor. The external CMR feature is unique in that it allows the BCS-10 to force some remote node (such as a VM-10 input) to circuit common potential and thus mitigate the effect of unbalanced lead wire resistance.



BCS-10 specifications

Specifications are subject to change

Ranges 100 mA, 10 mA, 1 mA, 100 μ A, 10 μ A, 10 mA, 10 nA, 10 nA; automatic selection

Compliance 20 V differential, 10 V single-ended (non-settable)

Maximum power 1 W, 4-quadrant operation

CMR modes Off, internal, external

Coupling DC or AC (1 Hz)

Guard drive Enable or disable

Rise time <25 μ s, 10% to 90%, zero to full scale, <1 Ω impedance load, 1 μ A and above ranges

Settle time <60 μ s to 0.1% of final value, zero to full scale, <1 Ω impedance load, 1 μ A and above ranges

Load impedance Stability maintained with reactive loads up to 50 μ F or 1 mH (with 100 Ω damping)

Magnetic field exposure Operational up to 11 mT DC

Size 142 mm W \times 39 mm H \times 89 mm D (5.6 in \times 1.5 in \times 3.5 in)

Bandwidth/accuracy

Range	Bandwid	th (typical)	DC ¹	Lock-in ^{1,2}	Temperature coefficient ^{1,2}	Settable resolution
	Maximum frequency	Full accuracy maximum frequency	±(% rdg + A)	±% rdg + A	±(ppm rdg/°C + A/°C)	
100 mA	100 kHz	1 kHz	0.03% + 5 μA	0.15% + 500 nA	2 ppm/°C + 100 nA/°C	1 μΑ
10 mA	100 kHz	1 kHz	0.03% + 500 nA	0.15% + 50 nA	2 ppm/°C + 10 nA/°C	100 nA
1 mA	100 kHz	1 kHz	0.03% + 50 nA	0.15% + 5 nA	2 ppm/°C + 500 pA/°C	10 nA
100 μΑ	100 kHz	1 kHz	0.03% + 5 nA	0.15% + 500 pA	2 ppm/°C + 200 pA/°C	1 nA
10 μΑ	100 kHz	1 kHz	0.03% + 1 nA	0.15% + 50 pA	2 ppm/°C + 10 pA/°C	100 pA
1 μΑ	10 kHz	1 kHz	0.5% + 120 pA	0.5% + 5 pA	5 ppm/°C + 2 pA/°C	10 pA
100 nA	1 kHz	100 Hz	0.5% + 60 pA	0.5% + 500 fA	5 ppm/°C + 2 pA/°C	1 pA
10 nA	100 Hz	30 Hz	0.5% + 30 pA	0.5% + 50 fA	5 ppm/°C + 2 pA/°C	100 fA

Noise (typical)

Range	Noise density	Noise at 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz
100 mA	1.2 nA/√Hz at 1 kHz	10 nA RMS (50 nA p-p)
10 mA	200 pA/√Hz at 1 kHz	2 nA RMS (10 nA p-p)
1 mA	20 pA/√Hz at 1 kHz	400 pA RMS (2 nA p-p)
100 μΑ	2.5 pA/√Hz at 1 kHz	50 pA RMS (250 pA p-p)
10 μΑ	450 fA/√Hz at 1 kHz	1.5 pA RMS (7.5 pA p-p)
1 μΑ	150 fA/√Hz at 1 kHz	600 fA RMS (3 pA p-p)
100 nA	50 fA/√Hz at 100 Hz	200 fA RMS (1 pA p-p)
10 nA	20 fA/√Hz at 10 Hz	150 fA RMS (750 fA p-p)

DC output impedance

Range	Magnitude output impedance
100 mA	>500 kΩ
10 mA	>1 MΩ
1 mA	>10 MΩ
100 μΑ	>100 MΩ
10 μΑ	>1 GΩ
1 μΑ	>1 GΩ
100 nA	>1 GΩ
10 nA	>1 GΩ

¹ Total system, 1 year and ±5 °C from Lake Shore calibration, 24 h and ±1 °C from self-calibration, 95% confidence

² DC to full accuracy frequency

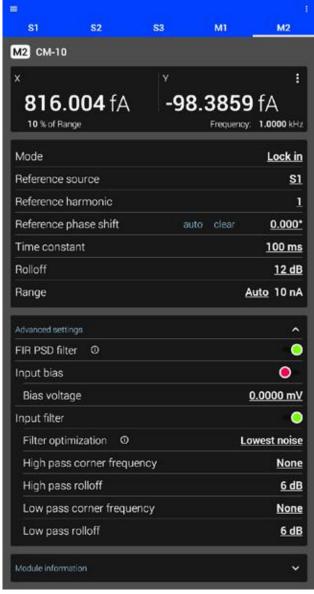
M81-SSM MODULES

CM-10 current measure module



This module provides current measurements with near-zero input offset voltage from fA levels up to 100 mA from DC to 100 kHz, including amplitude, phase, and harmonic detection capabilities. The module also has configurable hardware and software filtering.

Current noise performance is on par with modern TIA and DC picoammeters, and the module also includes a programmable ±10 V voltage bias offset feature for materials or devices that require biased current measurements or operation, such as a photodiode.



CM-10 specifications

Specifications are subject to change

Ranges 100 mA, 10 mA, 1 mA, 100 μ A, 10 μ A, 10 mA, 10 nA, 10 nA, 1 nA; automatic transitions

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \mbox{Input offset voltage}^2 & <150 \ \mu\mbox{V} \\ \mbox{Settable bias voltage} & \pm10 \ \mbox{V} \\ \mbox{Bias voltage settable resolution} & 320 \ \mu\mbox{V} \\ \mbox{Best sensitivity} & <10 \ \mbox{fA}^1 \\ \end{tabular}$

Hardware filters LP: 10 Hz, 30 Hz, 100 Hz, 300 Hz, 1 kHz, 3 kHz, 10 kHz; 20 dB or 40 dB/decade

HP: 10 Hz, 30 Hz, 100 Hz, 300 Hz, 1 kHz, 3 kHz; 20 dB or 40 dB/decade

Modes: High reserve, Low-noise

Magnetic field exposure Operational up to 3 mT DC

Max input capacitance to ground 100 nF

Size 142 mm W \times 39 mm H \times 89 mm D (5.6 in \times 1.5 in \times 3.5 in)

Bandwidth/accuracy

Range	Bandwidth (-3 dB, typical)	Full accuracy	DC ² ±(% rdg + A)	Lock-in ^{2,3} ±% rdg + A	Temperature coefficient ^{2,3} ±(% rdg/°C + A/°C)
100 mA	>100 kHz	1 kHz	0.05% + 1 μA	0.05% + 500 nA	5 ppm/°C + 50 nA/°C
10 mA	>100 kHz	1 kHz	0.05% + 100 nA	0.05% + 50 nA	2 ppm/°C + 5 nA/°C
1 mA	>100 kHz	1 kHz	0.05% + 10 nA	0.05% + 5 nA	2 ppm/°C + 500 pA/°C
100 μΑ	40 kHz	1 kHz	0.05% + 1 nA	0.05% + 500 pA	2 ppm/°C + 50 pA/°C
10 μΑ	8 kHz	500 Hz	0.05% + 500 pA	0.05% + 50 pA	5 ppm/°C + 5 pA/°C
1 μΑ	2.2 kHz	100 Hz	0.05% + 500 pA	0.1% + 5 pA	5 ppm/°C + 0.5 pA/°C
100 nA	450 Hz	20 Hz	0.05% + 10 pA	0.1% + 500 fA	5 ppm/°C + 0.5 pA/°C
10 nA	80 Hz	10 Hz	0.1% + 5 pA	0.5% + 50 fA	50 ppm/°C + 0.5 pA/°C
1 nA	80 Hz	10 Hz	0.1% + 5 pA	0.5% + 5 fA	50 ppm/°C + 0.5 pA/°C

Noise (typical)

Range	Noise density ⁴	Noise at 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz ⁴
100 mA	2.6 nA/√Hz at 1 kHz	35 nA RMS (175 nA p-p)
10 mA	250 pA/√Hz at 1 kHz	4 nA RMS (20 nA p-p)
1 mA	30 pA/√Hz at 1 kHz	350 pA RMS (1.75 nA p-p)
100 μΑ	3.5 pA/√Hz at 1 kHz	30 pA RMS (150 nA p-p)
10 μΑ	500 fA/√Hz at 1 kHz	4 pA RMS (20 pA p-p)
1 μΑ	70 fA/√Hz at 1 kHz	400 fA RMS (2 pA p-p)
100 nA	13 fA/√Hz at 100 Hz	60 fA RMS (300 fA p-p)
10 nA	4.3 fA/√Hz at 77 Hz	16 fA RMS (80 fA p-p)
1 nA	4.3 fA/√Hz at 77 Hz	16 fA RMS (80 fA p-p)

DC input impedance

Range	DC input impedance
100 mA	200 mΩ
10 mA	200 mΩ
1 mA	200 mΩ
100 μΑ	1 Ω
10 μΑ	5 Ω
1 μΑ	50 Ω
100 nA	50 Ω
10 nA	500 Ω
1 nA	5 kΩ

¹ 1 nA range, 10 s, 95% confidence interval

² Total system accuracy, 1 year and ±5 °C from Lake Shore calibration; 24 h, ±1 °C from self-calibration, 95% confidence, filters off

³ DC to full accuracy frequency

⁴ In Low noise mode; High reserve mode will have the noise of the next higher current range

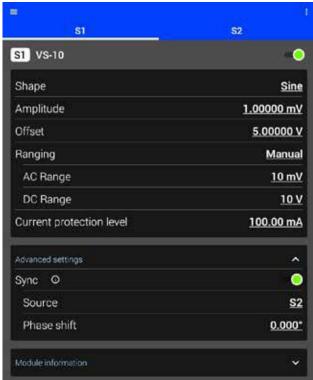
M81-SSM MODULES

VS-10 voltage source module



This module provides programmable voltages from ±1 nV to ±10 V with a maximum of 100 mA compliance from DC to 100 kHz sinusoidal output. The VS-10 is useful for gate biasing, voltage sweep I-V curve profiling, and applications that require highly stable voltages in combination with current, resistance/ conductance, and other material or electronic device measurements.

Patent-pending circuitry enables separate ranges and amplitude settings for DC and AC signal components. This allows for simultaneous DC biasing and sweeping as well as combined AC signals to be superimposed for sample and device stimulus and selective measurement by corresponding and synchronized VM-10 modules. This hybrid DC+AC signal capability can reduce or eliminate the need and complexity for dedicated DC and AC sources while providing enhanced characterization capabilities and richer measurement data and sample insights.



VS-10 specifications

Specifications are subject to change

Ranges V: 10 V, 1 V, 100 mV, 10 mV; AC and DC ranges can be independently set; automatic selection

Current limit Settable up to 100 mA (DC only)

Maximum power 1 W, 4-quadrant operation

Output impedance <150 m Ω

Rise time <5 μ s, 10% to 90%, negative to positive full scale, >10 M Ω impedance load, all ranges

Settle time <10 μ s to 0.1% of final value, negative to positive full scale, >10 μ 0 impedance load, all ranges

Load impedance Stability maintained with reactive loads up to 50 μ F or 1 mH (with 100 Ω damping)

Magnetic field exposure Operational up to 50 mT DC

Size $142 \text{ mm W} \times 39 \text{ mm H} \times 89 \text{ mm D} (5.6 \text{ in} \times 1.5 \text{ in} \times 3.5 \text{ in})$

Bandwidth/accuracy

Range ¹	Bandwidth (-3 dB, typical)	DC ² ±(% rdg + V)	Lock-in ^{2,3} ±% rdg + V	Temperature coefficient ^{2,3} ±(ppm rdg/°C + V/°C)	DC settable resolution ⁴	AC settable resolution
10 V	95 kHz	0.025% + 450 μV	0.025% + 50 μV	5 ppm/°C + 5 μV/°C	3 μV	100 μV
1 V	95 kHz	0.05% + 450 μV	0.05% + 5 μV	5 ppm/°C + 5 μV/°C	1 μV	10 μV
100 mV	95 kHz	$0.1\% + 450 \mu\text{V}$	0.1% + 500 nV	$5 \text{ ppm/°C} + 5 \mu\text{V/°C}$	1 μV	1 μV
10 mV	95 kHz	0.15% + 450 μV	0.15% + 50 nV	5 ppm/°C + 5 μV/°C	1 μV	100 nV

Noise (typical)

Range	Voltage noise at 1 kHz	Voltage noise at 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz
10 V	100 nV/√Hz	1 μV RMS (5 μV p-p)
1 V	40 nV/√Hz	500 nV RMS (2.5 μV p-p)
100 mV	40 nV/√Hz	350 nV RMS (1.75 μV p-p)
10 mV	40 nV/√Hz	350 nV RMS (1.75 μV p-p)

Output impedance

Range	Absolute resistance
10 V	<0.1 Ω
1 V	<0.1 Ω
100 mV	<0.1 Ω
10 mV	<0.1 Ω

Wideband noise (DC to 100 MHz): 2 mV RMS

¹ Both DC and AC range less than or equal to the range

² Total system accuracy, 1 year and ±5 °C from Lake Shore calibration, 24 h and ±1 °C from self-calibration, 95% confidence

³ DC to 1 kHz

⁴ Averaging over 60 NPLCs

Top material research applications and the M81 modules used

DC transport

I-V curves, 4-wire

(VS module + CM module, primarily)

Ideal for: 2D materials, nanowires, organic semiconductors

M81-SSM advantages: Low-voltage source noise, low-current measure noise



AC resistance, sheet resistance, and AC current Hall

(BCS module + VM module)

Ideal for: Metal-insulator transitions, 2D materials, superconducting materials **M81-SSM advantages:** AC current Hall: synchronous measurement of resistance and Hall voltages; and simultaneous measurement of up to three devices in a cryostat at different frequencies

Photodiodes and phototransistors

(CM module + occasionally VS module)

Ideal for: IR sensitive materials, solar-blind materials, 2D materials **M81-SSM advantages:** Programmable offset voltage source

Spin transport

(DC/AC: BCS module + VM module)

Ideal for: Spin orbit torque (SOT), non-local resistance, spin valves

M81-SSM advantages: SOT: synchronous measurement of resistance, Hall

voltages, and harmonic Hall voltages

Differential conductance

(VS module + CM module)

Ideal for: MIS junctions, Josephson junctions, defect characterization in transistors **M81-SSM advantages:** Junctions: dual DAC AC and DC sourcing (source at appropriate range)

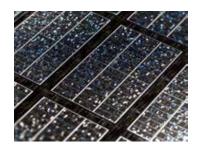
Thermal transport

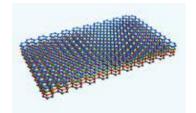
(AC, BCS module + VM module)

Ideal for: Thermoelectric materials, 1D materials

M81-SSM advantages: Phase-correlated current sources, synchronous

harmonic detection













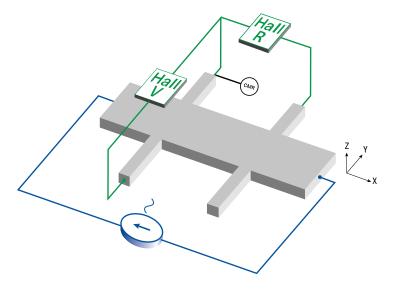


Application focus — M81 and Hall bar measurements

Magnetotransport and harmonic Hall effect measurements are primary characterization methodologies for a wide variety of materials - high mobility 2DEGs, graphene, magnetic semiconductors, and spin-orbit torque heterostructures. For low resistance materials in particular, samples are often etched or milled into a Hall bar geometry and a current source drives a uniform current through the long axis of the bar. The voltage drop along the current channel, V_R, is measured using narrow legs or taps along the current direction. Deflection of the current due to applied and internal magnetic fields manifests as a Hall voltage, V_H, detected in the legs perpendicular to the current flow. In certain applications, the measured voltages are exceedingly small and need to be extracted using lockin techniques. The M81-SSM offers key advantages in these scenarios for both sourcing and detection.

AC current source

Conventionally, single-ended current sources are employed in Hall bar measurements. These singleended sources drive current into the positive terminal of the Hall bar, which is returned to ground. In the single-ended configuration, there is a different impedance on each end of the Hall bar load and common mode voltage fluctuations, such as line pickup, are more easily coupled into the measurement circuit. With these common mode fluctuations, longer lock-in averaging times may be necessary in order to achieve an acceptable signal to noise ratio. Minimizing common mode fluctuations in Hall bar applications, the M81-SSM is configured with a balanced current source (BCS) for AC current excitation of the device. Configured as a differential source, the BCS module sources and sinks the prescribed current with two coordinated voltage-controlled source circuits. A common mode rejection connection on the source module is attached to a Hall bar's shared leg and provides active feedback to reduce common mode voltage on the load.



Voltage detection

In AC current Hall bar measurements, two lock-in amplifiers are typically used in order to simultaneously measure V_R and V_H as a function of magnetic field or temperature. Due to cost considerations, a single lock-in could be switched between the two voltage measurement configurations; however, waiting for the lock-in to resettle after a configuration change is timeconsuming. As the two measurements are acquired at different times, system drift can skew measurement results. For typical Hall bar measurements, the M81-SSM can be configured with two voltage measure (VM) modules — one for V_H and one for V_B. For harmonic Hall measurements, the second harmonic of the oscillating Hall voltage characterizes the strength and nature of the spin-orbit interaction. In this case, a third VM module, configured to measure the second harmonic, is added in parallel to the V_H legs. Whether configured with two or three VM modules, the M81-SSM platform can be gueried to return synchronous lock-in results from all connected measurement modules.

Positioning and mounting accessories

Included mounting plates



Included with each module: a top clip for module-tomodule stacking and a bottom clip for surface mounting (shown attached underneath).

Optional module rack mount kit (M81-RMP-3)



Optional module rack mount panel (M81-RMK-2)



Two optional module rack mount kits (M81-RMP-3) paired with an optional rack mount kit for two MeasureReady instruments (RM-2)



Optional probe station mounting kit (M81-PMK-1)

Includes shelf for mounting M81-SSM modules on Lake Shore probe stations adjacent to a DUT.





Ordering information

M81 instruments

M81 synchronous source measure system instrument with 1 source and 1 measure channel
 M81 synchronous source measure system instrument with 2 source and 2 measure channels
 M81 synchronous source measure system instrument with 3 source and 3 measure channels

M81-SSM source and measure modules

M81-BCS-10 100 mA/10 V balanced current source module

M81-VS-10 10 V/100 mA voltage source module

M81-VM-10 10 V voltage measure module

M81-CM-10 100 mA/10 V current measure module

Accessories

112-812 Instrument LEMO to BNC adapter cable, 2 m (6.6 ft)
112-815 Instrument LEMO to module extension cable, 4 m (13 ft)

843-076 Low noise triaxial cable, 3-slot, 1 m (3 ft)

P12379 BNC female to triaxial adapter, TRB male, isolated, 50 Ω , 3-lug

117-017 1 m (3.3 ft) long IEEE-488 (GPIB) computer interface cable assembly

RM-2 Rack mount kit—two adjacent half-rack instruments

RM-1/2 Rack mount kit—single half-rack instrument

M81-RMK-2 Rack mount kit for M81 instrument and 2 modules (2U)

M81-RMP-3 Rack mount kit for 3 M81-SSM modules (1U)

M81-PMK-1 Mounting kit for mounting M81-SSM modules on a Lake Shore probe station

M81-MODULE-CLIPS Mating pair of 2 stacking/mounting clips for M81-SSM modules including rubber feet and mounting screws

N81 SSM

Questions? Answers?

Visit http://forums.lakeshore.com/ and become part of the conversation!





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